



This exam measures the following iLOs(a<sub>4</sub>,a<sub>13</sub>,a<sub>19</sub>,b<sub>2</sub>,b<sub>17</sub>,c<sub>7</sub>)

ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS :- ( 100 MARKS )

MARKS

Question No. 1 :-

( 25 )

In the mechanism shown in Fig. 1, using the position analysis of loop closure equations to drive the following as functions of  $\theta_2$  :-

- 1 -The position angles of link 3,  $\theta_3=f(\theta_2)$ , and link 4,  $\theta_4=f(\theta_2)$ ,
- 2 -The position angle of link 5,  $\theta_5=f(\theta_2)$  and also, the vertical position of slider C,  $Y_c=f(\theta_2)$ .
- 2 -The angular velocities of link 3,  $\omega_3=f(\theta_2)$  and link 4,  $\omega_4=f(\theta_2)$ .
- 3 -The angular acceleration of link 4,  $\alpha_4=f(\theta_2)$ .

Question No. 2 :-

( 25 )

Consider the mechanism shown in Fig. 2, crank 2 ( $O_2A$ ) rotates at a constant angular velocity  $\omega_2 = 18 \text{ rad/s}$ , in clockwise direction. Determine the velocity and acceleration of point B by using method of vector mathematics analysis. Also, find the accelerations of points of mass center for link 3 ( the point  $g_3$  ) and link 4 ( the point  $g_4$  ). Select coordinate axes as shown with point ( $O_2$ ) as the origin of the fixed axis XY-system and the point A as the origin of the moving axis xy-system .

Given:-  $O_2A = 6 \text{ cm}$ ,  $AB = 13 \text{ cm}$ ,  $O_4B = 4 \text{ cm}$ ,  $O_2O_4 = 16 \text{ cm}$ ,  $A g_3 = B g_3 = 7 \text{ cm}$ ,  $O_4 g_4 = B g_4 = 2.5 \text{ cm}$ .

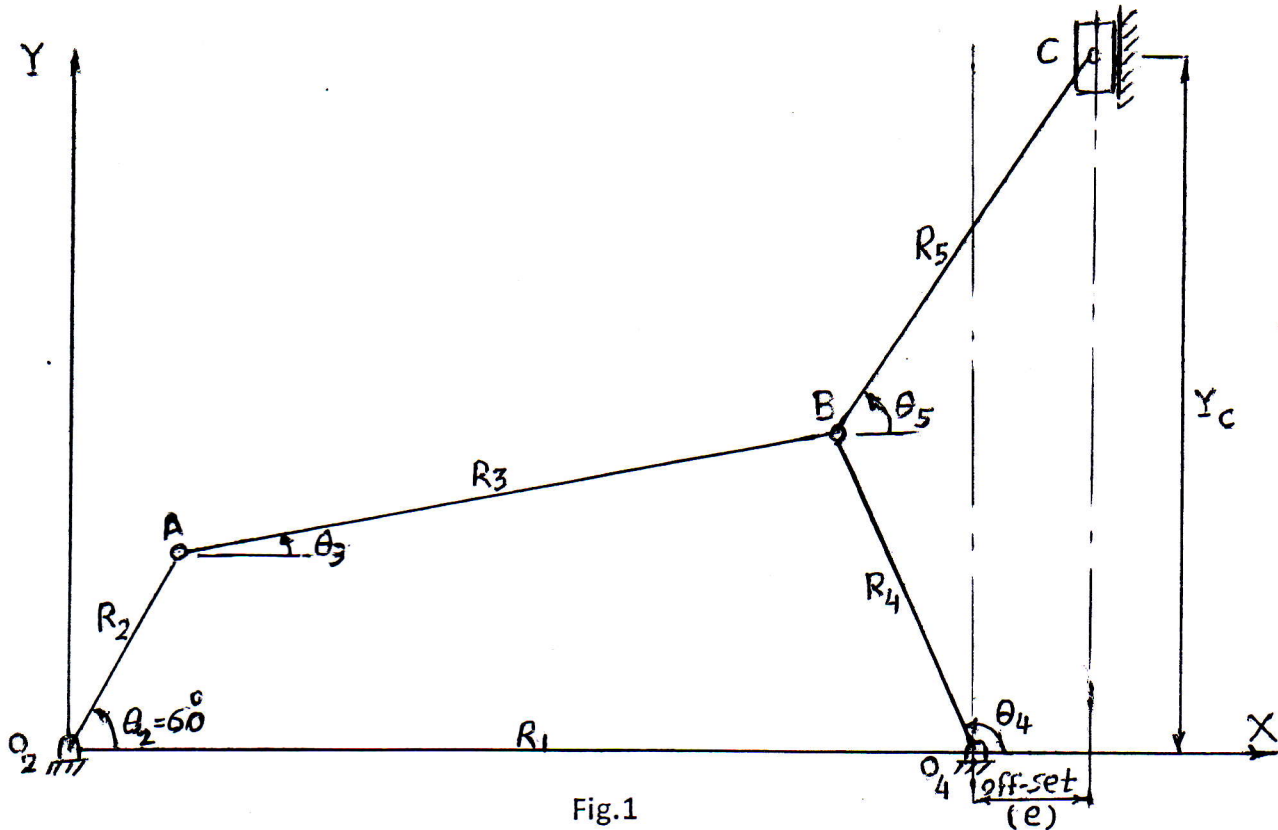


Fig.1

Please see page no. 2

**Question No. 3 :-**

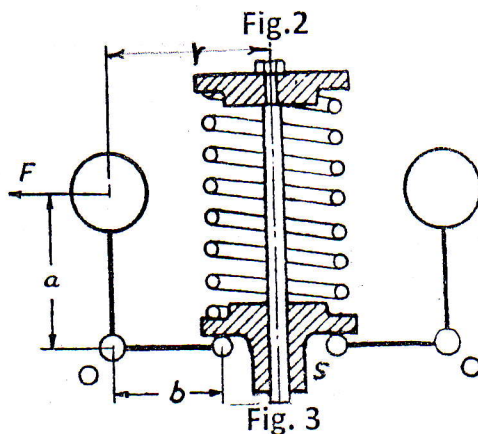
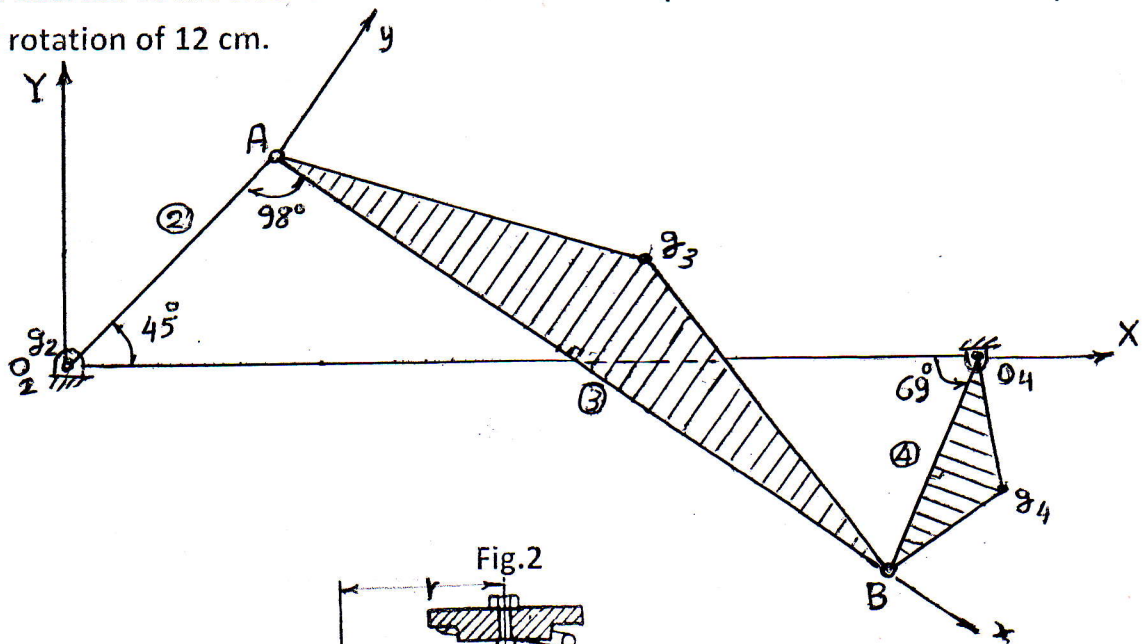
(25)

Fig. 2 is shown the mechanism of problem 2, for which the velocity and acceleration analysis has been made. The masses of links  $m_2 = 2 \text{ kg}$ ,  $m_3 = 10 \text{ kg}$ ,  $m_4 = 8 \text{ kg}$ , and mass moment of inertia for the links  $I_{g_3} = 0.012 \text{ kg.m}^2$ ,  $I_{g_4} = 0.008 \text{ kg.m}^2$ , where  $g_3$  and  $g_4$  are centers of gravity of the links 3 and 4 respectively. Assume the inertia caused by link 2 ( $O_2 A$ ) is very small and can be neglected. Considering the effect of the inertia forces only, determine the bearing forces on points  $O_2$ ,  $O_4$  and the torque  $T$  at point  $O_2$  by superposition method using unit vectors to maintain the mechanism in equilibrium .

**Question No. 4 :-**

(25)

A spring-loaded governor, Fig.3, has the balls attached to the vertical arms of bell-crank levers. The horizontal arms of which lift the sleeve  $S$  against the force exerted by a spring. The mass of each ball is  $2 \text{ kg}$ , the lengths of the vertical and horizontal arms of the bell-crank levers are  $a = 16 \text{ cm}$  and  $b = 12 \text{ cm}$  respectively. The extreme radii of rotation of the balls are  $10 \text{ cm}$  and  $14 \text{ cm}$ . The governor sleeve begins to lift at speed to  $250 \text{ rpm}$  and reaches its highest position with increase of speed to  $270 \text{ rpm}$ . Determine the required stiffness of the spring and the average force exerted at the sleeve for an increase of the speed 2% above that corresponding to a radius of rotation of  $12 \text{ cm}$ .



**GOOD LUCK**

Dr.R. Aouelnasr

*With our best wishes.*

| This exam measures the following ILOs |                                  |                     |                     |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Question Number                       |                                  |                     |                     |
| Skills                                | Knowledge & Understanding Skills | Intellectual Skills | Professional Skills |
|                                       |                                  |                     |                     |